

Radiology department

Exchange of a nephrostomy tube

What is an exchange of a nephrostomy tube?

You will already have had a tube inserted through the skin into one or both of your kidneys, which drains urine into a bag. This procedure is called a nephrostomy. This tube requires changing at 3-6 monthly intervals and this is referred to as 'exchange of nephrostomy'.

Why do I need an exchange of nephrostomy?

Nephrostomy tubes are routinely changed to prevent infections and blockages. Your doctor will decide how frequently this needs to be done.

What to tell the doctor

- If you have any allergies.
- If you have had a previous reaction to intravenous contrast medium (the dye used for some X-rays and CT scanning).
- If you are taking medication to prevent blood clots. Below is a list of some of the medications which are used to thin the blood and help to prevent blood clots.

- Aspirin
- Apixaban
- Clopidogrel
- Clexane
- Dabigatran
- Dalteparin
- Enoxaparin
- Fragmin
- Heparin
- Rivaroxaban
- Warfarin

If you are currently taking any of these medications, please contact your referring doctor or the radiology department on 0161 918 2346 as soon as possible, as these may need to be stopped prior to your procedure. Failure to do so may result in your procedure being postponed.

Who has made the decision?

Your doctor and the interventional radiologist (specialist doctor) who will do the procedure, will have carefully considered your case and feel that this is in your best interests. However, if following discussion with your doctors you do not wish to have the procedure, you can decide against it.



Who will be doing the exchange of nephrostomy tube?

An interventional radiologist will carry out the procedure. They have special expertise in using x-ray and scanning equipment to do procedures, and also in interpreting the images produced. They need to look at these images while carrying out the procedure. Interventional radiologists are the best trained people to replace the tube correctly.

Where will the procedure take place?

In the procedure room in the radiology department (X-ray department). This room is adapted for specialised procedures.

How do I prepare for an exchange of a nephrostomy tube?

You will be asked to come to the integrated procedures unit (IPU). You will be admitted a couple of hours before your procedure so we can take blood samples and insert an intravenous cannula. This is a small, flexible tube which is placed into one of your veins.

Agreeing to treatment

We will ask you to sign a consent form agreeing to accept the treatment that you are being offered. The basis of the agreement is that you have had The Christie's written description of the proposed treatment and that you have been given an opportunity to discuss any concerns.

You are entitled to request a second opinion from another doctor who specialises in this procedure. You can ask your own consultant or your GP to refer you. Your consent may be withdrawn at any time before or during this treatment. Should you decide to withdraw your consent then a member of your treating team will discuss the possible consequences with you.

What actually happens during the exchange of nephrostomy tube?

You will lie on the X-ray table. You will be asked to lie on your front, back or side depending on the easiest route of access to your tube.

We will give you some antibiotics through your cannula to help prevent any infections caused by changing your tube.

The radiologist needs to keep everything sterile and will wear a theatre gown and gloves. The skin around the site will be swabbed with antiseptic and then most of the rest of your body will be covered with theatre towels.

The radiologist will inject some dye down the tube and will look at the X-rays to check that the present tube is in the correct position.

A guide wire will then be placed through the existing tube into the kidney. The radiologist will then pull the tube out, leaving the guide wire in place. This allows a new tube to be inserted over the wire and into the correct place in your kidney. Once the tube is secured in place, the guide wire is removed. The outer tube is then covered with an adhesive bag to collect the urine.

Will it hurt?

An exchange of nephrostomy tube is usually a relatively pain-free procedure. It is normally performed without local anaesthetic. However, if you experience discomfort, it may be possible for the interventional radiologist to give local anaesthetic and/or the nurse to give you a painkiller.

How long will it take?

An exchange of nephrostomy tube is usually a relatively pain free procedure. It is normally performed without local anaesthetic. However, if you experience discomfort, it may be possible for the interventional radiologist to give local anaesthetic and/or the nurse to give you a painkiller.

What will happen afterwards?

You will be taken to the recovery area on the IPU. The nurses will observe you for any signs of complications. You will usually be discharged home a couple of hours after the procedure.

What are the benefits of the procedure?

Nephrostomy tubes are routinely changed every 3-6 months, or in some cases earlier. This is to prevent infections and blockage of the tube.

Are there any risks or complications?

Exchange of a nephrostomy tube is a safe procedure and it is rare that complications occur. Despite this, the complications that could possibly arise are infection, bleeding and pain. It is not unusual to have lightly blood stained urine for 24 hours. These potential complications will be discussed with you when you come for the procedure.

Further information

This is available from the radiology department on the phone numbers below or from the following websites:

Macmillan Cancer Support: www.macmillan.org.uk
British Society of Interventional Radiology: www.bsir.org

If you have any problems or worries, please contact:

Monday to Friday, 9:00am - 5:00pm: Radiology nurse on **0161 918 2346**

Out of hours and weekends:
Ring The Christie on **0161 446 3000** and ask for the on-call radiologist

The Christie Hotline: **0161 446 3658** (24 hours)

Notes:

If you need information in a different format, such as easy read, large print, BSL, braille, email, SMS text or other communication support, please tell your ward or clinic nurse.

We try to ensure that all our information given to patients is accurate, balanced and based on the most up-to-date scientific evidence. If you would like to have details about the sources used please contact patient.information@christie.nhs.uk

For information and advice visit the cancer information centres at Withington, Oldham or Salford. Opening times can vary, please check before making a special journey.

Contact The Christie Hotline for
urgent support and specialist advice
The Christie Hotline: 0161 446 3658
Open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

